

Git Cheat Sheet



GIT BASICS

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| <code>git init <directory></code> | Create empty Git repo in specified directory. Run with no arguments to initialize the current directory as a git repository. |
| <code>git clone <repo></code> | Clone repo located at <repo> onto local machine. Original repo can be located on the local filesystem or on a remote machine via HTTP or SSH. |
| <code>git config user.name <name></code> | Define author name to be used for all commits in current repo. Devs commonly use --global flag to set config options for current user. |
| <code>git add <directory></code> | Stage all changes in <directory> for the next commit. Replace <directory> with a <file> to change a specific file. |
| <code>git commit -m "<message>"</code> | Commit the staged snapshot, but instead of launching a text editor, use <message> as the commit message. |
| <code>git status</code> | List which files are staged, unstaged, and untracked. |
| <code>git log</code> | Display the entire commit history using the default format. For customization see additional options. |
| <code>git diff</code> | Show unstaged changes between your index and working directory. |

UNDOING CHANGES

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| <code>git revert <commit></code> | Create new commit that undoes all of the changes made in <commit>, then apply it to the current branch. |
| <code>git reset <file></code> | Remove <file> from the staging area, but leave the working directory unchanged. This unstages a file without overwriting any changes. |
| <code>git clean -n</code> | Shows which files would be removed from working directory. Use the -f flag in place of the -n flag to execute the clean. |

REWRITING GIT HISTORY

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| <code>git commit --amend</code> | Replace the last commit with the staged changes and last commit combined. Use with nothing staged to edit the last commit's message. |
| <code>git rebase <base></code> | Rebase the current branch onto <base>. <base> can be a commit ID, branch name, a tag, or a relative reference to HEAD. |
| <code>git reflog</code> | Show a log of changes to the local repository's HEAD. Add --relative-date flag to show date info or --all to show all refs. |

GIT BRANCHES

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| <code>git branch</code> | List all of the branches in your repo. Add a <branch> argument to create a new branch with the name <branch>. |
| <code>git checkout -b <branch></code> | Create and check out a new branch named <branch>. Drop the -b flag to checkout an existing branch. |
| <code>git merge <branch></code> | Merge <branch> into the current branch. |

REMOTE REPOSITORIES

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| <code>git remote add <name> <url></code> | Create a new connection to a remote repo. After adding a remote, you can use <name> as a shortcut for <url> in other commands. |
| <code>git fetch <remote> <branch></code> | Fetches a specific <branch>, from the repo. Leave off <branch> to fetch all remote refs. |
| <code>git pull <remote></code> | Fetch the specified remote's copy of current branch and immediately merge it into the local copy. |
| <code>git push <remote> <branch></code> | Push the branch to <remote>, along with necessary commits and objects. Creates named branch in the remote repo if it doesn't exist. |

Additional Options +

GIT CONFIG

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| git config --global user.name <name> | Define the author name to be used for all commits by the current user. |
| git config --global user.email <email> | Define the author email to be used for all commits by the current user. |
| git config --global alias. <alias-name> <git-command> | Create shortcut for a Git command. E.g. alias.glog "log --graph --oneline" will set "git glog" equivalent to "git log --graph --oneline". |
| git config --system core.editor <editor> | Set text editor used by commands for all users on the machine. <editor> arg should be the command that launches the desired editor (e.g., vi). |
| git config --global --edit | Open the global configuration file in a text editor for manual editing. |

GIT LOG

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| git log -<limit> | Limit number of commits by <limit>. E.g. "git log -5" will limit to 5 commits. |
| git log --oneline | Condense each commit to a single line. |
| git log -p | Display the full diff of each commit. |
| git log --stat | Include which files were altered and the relative number of lines that were added or deleted from each of them. |
| git log --author=<pattern> | Search for commits by a particular author. |
| git log --grep=<pattern> | Search for commits with a commit message that matches <pattern>. |
| git log <since>..<until> | Show commits that occur between <since> and <until>. Args can be a commit ID, branch name, HEAD, or any other kind of revision reference. |
| git log -- <file> | Only display commits that have the specified file. |
| git log --graph --decorate | --graph flag draws a text based graph of commits on left side of commit msgs. --decorate adds names of branches or tags of commits shown. |

GIT DIFF

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| git diff HEAD | Show difference between working directory and last commit. |
| git diff --cached | Show difference between staged changes and last commit |

GIT RESET

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| git reset | Reset staging area to match most recent commit, but leave the working directory unchanged. |
| git reset --hard | Reset staging area and working directory to match most recent commit and overwrites all changes in the working directory. |
| git reset <commit> | Move the current branch tip backward to <commit>, reset the staging area to match, but leave the working directory alone. |
| git reset --hard <commit> | Same as previous, but resets both the staging area & working directory to match. Deletes uncommitted changes, and all commits after <commit> . |

GIT REBASE

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| git rebase -i <base> | Interactively rebase current branch onto <base>. Launches editor to enter commands for how each commit will be transferred to the new base. |
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GIT PULL

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| git pull --rebase <remote> | Fetch the remote's copy of current branch and rebases it into the local copy. Uses git rebase instead of merge to integrate the branches. |
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GIT PUSH

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| git push <remote> --force | Forces the git push even if it results in a non-fast-forward merge. Do not use the --force flag unless you're absolutely sure you know what you're doing. |
| git push <remote> --all | Push all of your local branches to the specified remote. |
| git push <remote> --tags | Tags aren't automatically pushed when you push a branch or use the --all flag. The --tags flag sends all of your local tags to the remote repo. |